# **Rossmoyne Senior High School**

Semester One Examination, 2018

## **Question/Answer booklet**

# MATHEMATICS APPLICATIONS UNIT 3



Section Two: Calculator-assumed

Student number: In

In figures

In words

Your name

## Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: Working time:

ten minutes one hundred minutes

# Materials required/recommended for this section

*To be provided by the supervisor* This Question/Answer booklet

Formula sheet (retained from Section One)

## To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators approved for use in this examination

## Important note to candidates

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised material. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

## Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of examination
Section One: Calculator-free	8	8	50	52	35
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	10	10	100	98	65
				Total	100

## Instructions to candidates

- 1. The rules for the conduct of examinations are detailed in the school handbook. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
- 2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer booklet.
- 3. You must be careful to confine your response to the specific question asked and to follow any instructions that are specified to a particular question.
- 4. Supplementary pages for the use of planning/continuing your answer to a question have been provided at the end of this Question/Answer booklet. If you use these pages to continue an answer, indicate at the original answer where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number.
- 5. Show all your working clearly. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
- 6. It is recommended that you do not use pencil, except in diagrams.
- 7. The Formula sheet is not to be handed in with your Question/Answer booklet.

#### Section Two: Calculator-assumed

This section has ten (10) questions. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Working time: 100 minutes.

#### **Question 9**

SN085-116-4

- (a) The first three terms, in order, of a geometric sequence are 1400, 980 and 686.
  - Deduce a rule for the  $n^{th}$  term of this sequence. (i)
    - Solution r 5 C ✓ writes rule
  - -th +k (ii) Calculate
- (b) The first three terms, in order, of an arithmetic sequence are 2.4, 5.5 and 8.6.
  - The rule for the  $n^{th}$  term of this sequence is  $T_n = an + b$ . Determine the values of a (i) and b. (3 marks)

✓ calculates difference ✓ writes rule ✓ simplifies and states values

Calculate the 177<sup>th</sup> term of the sequence. (ii)

Solution
$T_{177} = 548$
Specific behaviours
✓ exact value of term

$$T = 980 \div 1400 = 0.7$$
  
 $T_n = 1400(0.7)^{n-1}$   
Specific behaviours  
alculates ratio

te the 5<sup>th</sup> term of the sequence.  
**Solution**  

$$T_{r} = 336.14$$

$$I_5 = 336.14$$
**Specific behaviours**

$$\checkmark \text{ exact value of term}$$

Solution

 
$$d = 5.5 - 2.4 = 3.1$$
 $T_n = 2.4 + (n - 1)(3.1)$ 
 $= 3.1n - 0.7$ 
 $a = 3.1, \quad b = -0.7$ 

 Specific behaviours

(1 mark)

#### 65% (98 Marks)

(2 marks)

(7 marks)

(1 mark)

		Support for a sugary drinks tax		
		Yes	No	Undecided
Interest in	Yes	528	374	221
news	No	196	204	146

- Calculate the number of people who (a)
  - (i) answered no to being interested in the news.

Solution			
196 + 204 + 146 = 546			
Specific behaviours			
✓ number			

(ii)

A public relations company was tasked with determining whether a person's support for a sugary drinks tax could be associated with their interest in the news.

The company carried out a telephone survey, where people could respond to two questions as shown in the following table:

Question	Choice of response
Are you interested in the news?	Yes or No
Do you support a sugary drinks tax?	Yes, No or Undecided

The responses to the telephone survey are summarised in this table:

		Yes	NO	Und
nterest in	Yes	528	374	
news	No	196	204	

 5				
	Sol	ution		
106	1 204	1116	- E16	

✓ number

0010000
196 + 204 + 146 = 546
Specific behaviours
number

Solution 1123 + 546 = 1669

Specific behaviours

responded to the survey.

(b) If there was an association between interest in the news and support for a sugary drinks tax, should the company expect the same percentage of those who support a sugary drinks tax to be interested in the news compared to those who do not support a sugary drinks tax? Explain your answer. (2 marks)

Solution				
No. If there was an association then the				
percentages would be different.				
Specific behaviours				
✓ indicates no				
$\checkmark$ explanation indicating different percentages				

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

**CALCULATOR-ASSUMED** 

## **APPLICATIONS UNIT 3**

(c) Complete the two-way table below to show the associated **row** percentages for the previous table, rounding percentages to the nearest whole number. (3 marks)

		Support for a sugary drinks tax		
		Yes	No	Undecided
Interest in news	Yes	47%	33%	20%
	No	36%	37%	27%

Solution			
See table			
Specific behaviours			
<ul> <li>✓ first row, ✓ second row, ✓ rounds correctly</li> </ul>			

(d) What percentage of those who are interested in the news support a sugary drinks tax? (1 mark)



(e) In the context of the task they were given, how should the public relations company interpret the responses to their survey? (2 marks)

#### Solution

The PR company should conclude that an association exists between interest in the news and support for a sugary drinks tax.

For example, 47% of those interested in the news supported a sugary drinks tax compared to only 36% of those who were not interested in the news.

#### Specific behaviours

 $\checkmark$  identifies an association exists

✓ justifies with reference to different percentages in at least one column

A sequence of four connected graphs is shown below.



(a) Complete the missing entries in the table below, where the vertex sum is the sum of the degrees of all the vertices in a graph. (2 marks)

Graph (n)	1	2	3	4
Vertices (V)	4	7	10	13
Vertex sum (S)	8	16	24	32

Solution	
See table	
Specific behaviours	
✓ correct vertices, ✓ correct vertex sums	

Assume that the sequence of graphs continues indefinitely.

(b) A graph in the sequence has 10 faces. What is its vertex sum? (2 marks)

Solution
$$10 - 1 = 9 \Rightarrow G_9$$
 $S_9 = 8 \times 9 = 72$ Specific behaviours $\checkmark$  indicates graph number $\checkmark$  vertex sum

(c) Deduce the  $n^{th}$  term rule for  $V_n$ , the number of vertices in graph n.

(2 marks)

Solution		
$V_n = 4 + (n-1)(3)$		
= 3n + 1		
Specific behaviours		
✓ indicates first term and difference		
✓ correct rule		

(d) A graph in the sequence has 343 vertices. Determine the vertex sum of this graph.

(2 marks)

Solution	
$3n + 1 = 343 \Rightarrow n = 114$	
$S_{114} = 114 \times 8 = 912$	
5114 1117.0 512	
Specific behaviours	
$\checkmark$ uses rule from (c) to find <i>n</i>	
✓ vertex sum	

(8 marks)

#### (8 marks)

The graph below represents a network of cycle tracks. The weight on each edge is the length, in km, of that track.



(a) State the length of the shortest route from *H* to *B*.

(2 marks)

Solution
HGEB = 27 + 9 + 14 = 50  km
Specific behaviours
✓ indicates correct route
$\checkmark$ length of shortest route

(b) Determine the shortest route from A to H, stating the route and its length. (4 marks)

Solution
ACDFEGH = 11 + 12 + 16 + 10 + 9 + 14 = 72  km
Specific behaviours
$\checkmark$ any route from A to H

- $\checkmark$  any route from A to H
- $\checkmark$  correct length of indicated route
- ✓ shortest route
- ✓ length of shortest route
- (c) Two sections of track, F to E and E to G, are closed for repairs and cannot be used. What effect, if any, do these closures have on the length of the shortest route from A to H?

(2	marks)
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Solution
Increase the length by 2 km to 75 km (ACBGH)
Specific behaviours
✓ indicates an increase
✓ correct length (or increase)

#### (10 marks)

(2 marks)

The roads in a suburb are represented in the graph below, where the number on each edge is the length, in km, of the road.



- (a) The network contains a semi-Eulerian trail that starts from *G*.
  - (i) Explain what semi-Eulerian means.

Solution	
Trail along all edges just once, ending at different vertex to start.	
Specific behaviours	
$\checkmark$ all edges once, $\checkmark$ different start and finish vertices	

(ii)	At which vertex does the trail end?	Solution F	(1 mark)
		Specific behaviours	
		✓ correct vertex	
(iii)	Determine the number of edges in the	he trail.	(1 mark)
	ç	Solution	
		13 edges	
		Specific behaviours	
		✓ correct number	
(iv)	How many times does the trail pass	through vertex D?	(1 mark)
		Solution	
		2 times	
		Specific behaviours	
		✓ correct number	

(b) A worker needs to leave *G*, travel along each road once to inspect its surface and then return to *G*. Determine the minimum distance the worker must travel. (3 marks)

Solution		
Sum of weights: 12.4 km		
Will end trail at $F$ and then return 0.7 km to $G$		
Minimum distance: $12.4 + 0.7 = 13.1$ km		
Specific behaviours		
✓ indicates sum of all weights		
$\checkmark$ indicates distance to return to G		
✓ correct minimum distance		

(c) Another worker needs to walk along each road twice, once on each side of the road, as they deliver advertising pamphlets to houses. Determine, with justification, the minimum distance this worker must travel if they start and finish at *C* and the width of the roads is ignored. (2 marks)

Solution		
Each edge is duplicated, so all vertices even and graph is now		
Eulerian - can start at any vertex and return after visiting all edges.		
Minimum distance is double sum of weights: $2 \times 12.4 = 24.8$ km		
Specific behaviours		
✓ reasoning		
✓ correct distance		

### (15 marks)

A tomato grower added varying amounts of a liquid fertiliser (x ml) to the irrigation systems of twelve greenhouses and observed the resulting yield of tomatoes per plant (y kg). A sample of the data recorded is shown in the table and scatterplot below.



Solution		
a = 0.662,	b = 16.28	
Specific be	ehaviours	
✓ gradient (a)		
✓ y-intercept (b	)	

What percentage of the variation in the yield per plant can be explained by the variation in (c) the amount of liquid fertiliser added? (1 mark)



(d) If the amount of liquid fertiliser added to the irrigation system in a greenhouse was increased by one millilitre, what increase in the yield of tomatoes per plant can be expected? Explain your answer.

(2 marks)

Solution			
An increase of 0.662 kg per plant. This value			
if the gradient of the least-squares line.			

Specific	behaviours
----------	------------

✓ value

- ✓ indicates use of gradient
- If no liquid fertiliser was used, what yield of tomatoes per plant does the linear model (e) predict? (1 mark) Solution

A yield of 16.3 kg.		
Specific behaviours		
✓ uses value of y-intercept		

Use the equation of the least-squares line to calculate the value of y when x = 4 and (f) when x = 24. (2 marks)

Solution  

$$x = 4$$
,  $y = 18.9$   
 $x = 24$ ,  $y = 32.2$   
Specific behaviours  
 $\checkmark$  one correct value  
 $\checkmark$  both correct values

- Use your answers to part (f) to draw the least-squares line on the scatterplot. (g) (2 marks)
- (h) Estimate the yield of tomatoes per plant when 13 ml of liquid fertiliser is added to the irrigation system and comment on the reliability of this value. (3 marks)

Solution			
x = 13 ml,	y = 24.9 kg per plant		
Estimate is reliable as correlation is strong and it involves interpolation.			
Specific behaviours			
✓ any value that	rounds to 25 kg		
✓ considers corr	elation		
✓ considers inte	rpolation		

#### See next page

#### (8 marks)

A linear model was fitted to a set of data, resulting in a correlation coefficient of r = 0.94 and a least-squares line with equation  $\hat{y} = 5.16 + 0.16x$ . A residual plot for the linear model is shown below.

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(a) Calculate, and add to the plot above, the residual for the point x = 22, y = 8.76.

(3 marks)

Solution
$\hat{y} = 5.16 + 0.16(22) = 8.68$
Residual = 8.76 - 8.68 = 0.08
Specific behaviours
$\checkmark$ calculates $\hat{y}$
✓ calculates residual
✓ plots residual

(b) Use the residual plot to comment on the appropriateness of fitting a linear model to the

data.

 $\checkmark$ 

Solution

(2 marks)

A pattern is evident in the residual plot (as x values increase, residuals start mostly negative, then positive and then negative again) and so a linear model is not appropriate.

	Specific behaviours	
not appropriate		
reason		

(c) Determine the *y*-coordinate of the point with a residual of 0.07 on the above plot.

(3 marks)

Solution			
x = 20.8			
$\hat{y} = 5.16 + 0.16(20.8) = 8.488$			
-			
$y - 8.488 = 0.07 \Rightarrow y = 8.558$			
Specific behaviours			
✓ indicates x-coordinate			
$\checkmark$ calculates $\hat{y}$			
$\checkmark$ calculates $v$			

1

## Question 16

When Atarcoin, a new cryptocurrency was launched, one Atarcoin was valued at \$4.00. After one week of trading, the value of Atarcoin had increased to \$5.00, and after another week had increased to \$6.25.

13

(a) Show that the value of Atarcoin increased by 25% each week.

Solution			
$5 \div 4 = 1.25$ , $6.25 \div 5 = 1.25 \Rightarrow 25\%$ increase			
or			
$4 \times 1.25 = 5$ , $5 \times 1.25 = 6.25$			
Specific behaviours			
✓ shows one ratio (or multiple)			
✓ shows both ratios (or multiples)			

The value of Atarcoin,  $V_n$  in dollars, *n* weeks after its launch date, can be modelled by the recurrence relation  $V_{n+1} = 1.25V_n$ ,  $V_0 = 4$ .

(b) Calculate the value of Atarcoin ten weeks after its launch date. (1 mark)



(c) At the end of which week did the value of Atarcoin first exceed \$100? (1 mark)

Solution		
End of week 15.		
Specific behaviours		
./ v	veek	
v v	VOOR	

(d) Graph  $V_n$  against n on the axes below.

See graph

✓ plots all points

2

3

Solution

Specific behaviours
 ✓ plots at least 3 terms
 ✓ plots at least 6 terms

 $V_n$ 

25

20

15

10

5

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4

5

6

7

(2 marks)

> n

#### **APPLICATIONS UNIT 3**

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The value of Atarcoin peaked at the end of week 38, and from that time onwards, its value fell by 30% each week.

(e) Determine the value of Atarcoin at the end of week 39.

(2 marks)

(f) Ignoring any fees involved in buying and selling a cryptocurrency, determine the profit or loss made by a person who bought 25 Atarcoins eight weeks after their launch, held them for 40 weeks and then sold them all. (4 marks)

Solution			
$V_8 = 23.84$			
38 - 8 = 30,40 - 30 = 10			
Sells 10 weeks after peak			
$T_{n+1} = 0.7T_n, \qquad T_0 = 19259.30$			
$T_{10} = 544.03$			
$Profit = 25 \times (544.03 - 23.84)$			
$= 25 \times 520.19$			
= \$13 004.75			
Specific behaviours			
✓ value when bought			
✓ week sold			
✓ value when sold			
✓ profit			

15

#### **Question 17**

(9 marks)

The temperature,  $T \circ C$ , of an industrial oven n minutes after it is turned on can be modelled by

$$T_{n+1} = 0.92T_n + 19.2, \qquad T_0 = 15$$

 Use the recurrence relation to complete the table of values below, rounding the temperature to the nearest °C.
 (2 marks)

п	0	10	20	30	40
$T_n$	15	142	198	222	232
See table					

	Specific behaviours
✓ at least 3	3 values correct, ✓ all values correct

(b) Sketch a graph of the temperature of the oven for the first 75 minutes on the axes below. Make sure you add a suitable scale to the vertical axis. (4 marks)



(c) The manufacturer claims that the oven will reach within 10 °C of its maximum temperature within 30 minutes of being turned on. Comment on this claim. (3 marks)

Solution	
Maximum temperature is 240°C.	
Temperature exceeds 230°C after 38 minutes.	
Claim is false.	
Specific behaviours	
🖌 indicatos maximum tomporaturo	
✓ states time reaches within 10°C	

#### (10 marks)

(2 marks)

Isla is visiting a city that has four museums: *A*, *B*, *C* and *D*. The weights on the edges of the following graph represent the time, in minutes, that it takes to walk between the museums.



(a) List, in the order visited, a set of vertices that form a Hamiltonian cycle in the graph.

Solution
ABCDA
Specific behaviours
✓ all vertices listed just once
✓ start and finish at same vertex

(b) Determine the shortest time it would take to leave *A*, walk to the other museums and return to *A*. Solution (2 marks)

Solution
ABDCA = 21 + 23 + 21 + 22 = 87  m
Specific behaviours
$\checkmark$ indicates vertices on a cycle from A
✓ shortest time

The time to walk from Isla's hotel, *H*, to museums *A*, *B*, *C* and *D* is 24, 10, 31 and 25 minutes respectively.

(c) Add vertex *H* and this information to the graph above.

(2 marks)

(d) Isla plans to leave her hotel at 10 am, visit all the museums and then return to her hotel at 4 pm the same day. Determine the maximum total time she can spend inside the museums if she walks between them and describe the route she should take. (4 marks)

Solution	
HDCABH = 25 + 21 + 22 + 21 + 10 = 99  m	
6 h - 1 h 39 m = 4 h 21 m (261 m)	
Specific behaviours	
✓ lists possible route	
✓ lists quickest route	
✓ lists quickest route	
<ul> <li>✓ lists quickest route</li> <li>✓ indicates quickest time</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>✓ lists quickest route</li> <li>✓ indicates quickest time</li> <li>✓ adaulates time in museume using h and m</li> </ul>	

Supplementary page

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_

Supplementary page

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Supplementary page

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